Modified 2♦ Walsh Relay

Opener always assumes a normal transfer and either completes the transfer, $2 \checkmark$, or bypasses the transfer, $2 \diamondsuit$, with a maximum 1N opening and $4 + \checkmark$ s:

After Simple Acceptance 2♥

```
    1N 2♦
    2♥ pass Weak ♥-transfer
    2♠ is an artificial puppet to 2N, starting a MWR, slam-try with 5-4 minors any Usual continuations after a ♥-transfer
```

Modified Walsh relay

The relay is used primarily to described game forcing responding hands with specifically a 5-4 distribution in the minors and at least a mild slam-try. Responder's 2♠ forces 2N by opener:

```
1N
      2
2 🔻
      2
             MWR
2N
             4=5 minors (longer ♣): 3=1=4=5, 1=3=4=5
      3♣
             5=4 minors (longer ♦): 3=1=5=4, 1=3=5=4
      3♦
      3♥
             5=5 Majors, invitational
      3♠
             any balanced 2=2=4=5 or 2=2=5=4
      3N
             5=6 Majors, game-forcing
```

Continuations when responder shows a balanced 4=5 or 5=4

```
1N
       2
2♥
       2♠
              MWR
2N
       3♠
              any balanced 2=2=4=5 or 2=2=5=4
3N
              suggests sign-off when responder has a mild slam-try only
              slam try in responder's longer minor; responder bids 4♦ or 4♥, Kickback
4♣
4
              Kickback, agreeing ♣, slam try
4
              Kickback, agreeing ♦, slam-try
```

Responder may pass the suggested 3N sign-off with a mild slam-try only. Otherwise, responder cue-bids the longer minor and surrenders captaincy to opener:

```
1N 2 ↑
2 ▼ 2 ★ MWR
2N 3 ★ any balanced 2=2=4=5 or 2=2=5=4
3N pass mild slam try only
4 ★ 2=2=4=5, serious slam-try
4 ◆ 2=2=5=4, serious slam-try
```

Continuations when responder shows an unbalanced 4=5 or 5=4

With no slam interest, opener bids 3N to suggest signing-off. With slam interest in either minor, opener should make a Keycard-ask, via Kickback, immediately. Otherwise, opener continues the relay, via the next available bid, to ask for responder's exact distribution:

```
4=5 Relay:
```

```
1N
             2
       2 🔻
             2♠
                    MWR
       2N
             3♣
                    4=5 minors (longer ♣)
       3♦
             3
                    1=3=4=5, ♥-fragment, ♠-splinter
             3♠
                    3=1=4=5, ♠-fragment, ♥-splinter
5=4 Relay:
       1N
             2
       2Y
             2♠
                    MWR
       2N
             3♦
                    5=4 minors (longer ♦)
       3♥
             3♠
                    3=1=5=4, ♦-fragment, ♥-splinter
              3N
                    1=3=5=4, ♥-fragment, ♠-splinter
```

Now responder's complete distribution is known. Suit contracts are available in either minor or in the fragment major. A partnership should decide how to continue. For example, opener may **a**) take preference for either minor or the fragment major, **b**) cue-bid the splinter major as an escape to 4N, **c**) bid 4N as a 6-Ace Keycard-ask.

```
After the Bypass 2♠
```

Responder's artificial 2N confirms a \checkmark -transfer. Opener has shown a maximum 1N opening with 4+ \checkmark 's. With a weak transfer, responder may re-transfer via $3 \diamondsuit$, then pass. Partnership may choose to define other continuations following a re-transfer. All other <u>direct</u> continuations after the relay $2N/3 \clubsuit$ are game-forcing, e.g.:

```
1N
       2
              ♥-transfer or strong 5-4 Minors
2♠
       2N
              Artificial, forcing 3♣, ♥-transfer
3♣
       3♦
              Re-transfer, may be weak
       3♥
              6+ ♥'s
       3♠
              ♦-splinter, slam-try
              Choice of game, 3N or 4♥.
       3N
              ♣-splinter, slam-try
       4♣
              ♦-splinter, slam-try
       4
       4
              Sign-off, to play 4♥
       4♠
              Kickback for ♥
```